

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS :

1. A device to synthesize a frequency $F1 \rightarrow F2$ with high spectral purity, comprising a synthesizer with a variable step $F3 \rightarrow F4$, comprising at least one variable rank divider N_b located after said synthesizer and a frequency control device delivering the division rank command of the variable rank divider, the command of the frequency of the variable-step synthesizer, the command of the synthesis step of the variable-step synthesizer.
2. A device according to claim 1 comprising a filtering device positioned after the variable-rank device N_b .
3. A device according to one of the claims 1 or 2, wherein the variable-step synthesizer is a fractional step phase-locked loop synthesizer.
- 4 . A device according to one of the claims 1 or 2 wherein the variable-rank divider N_b takes the values N_1 to N_p , these values following an arithmetic progression, and wherein the maximum frequency of the synthesizer is given by $F_4 = N_1 \cdot F_2$ where N_1 is the smallest value of the sequence and the frequency F_3 is a function of N_2 .
- 5 . A device according to claim 4 wherein the value of the frequency F_3 is substantially equal to or slightly lower than $(N_1/N_2) \cdot F_4$.
- 6 . A device according to one of the claims 1 or 2 wherein the variable-rank divider N_b takes the values N_1 to N_p , these values following a non-arithmetic progression.
- 7 . A device according to claim 6 wherein F_3 is substantially equal to or smaller than aF_4 where a is the smallest value obtained in dividing two consecutive elements one after the other.
- 8 . A device according to claim 6 wherein the highest division rank N_b is chosen.

9 . A device according to claim 1 comprising a mixer receiving the output signal from the fractional step synthesizer and a mixing signal.

10. A method to synthesize a frequency $F1 \rightarrow F2$ with high spectral purity using a variable-step synthesizer $F3 \rightarrow F4$, comprising at least one step in which the output signal of the variable-step synthesizer is transmitted to a multiple-rank divider N_p and wherein the division rank, the synthesis step of the synthesizer and the frequency of the variable-step synthesizer are modified.

11. A method according to claim 10 wherein the values N_b vary according to an arithmetic sequence $N1...N_p$ and wherein the frequency $F4$ is determined by $N1 \cdot F2$ and the frequency $F3$ is a function of $N2$.

12. A method according to claim 11 wherein the value of the frequency $F3$ is chosen to be substantially equal to or slightly below $(N1/N2) \cdot F4$.

13. A method according to claim 10 wherein the values N_b vary according to a non-arithmetic sequence and wherein two consecutive values of the sequence are divided.

14. A method according to claim 13 wherein $F3$ is substantially equal to or smaller than $aF4$ where a is the smallest value obtained in dividing two consecutive elements of the sequence.

15. A method according to claim 14 wherein the highest division rank N_b is chosen.

16. A method according to claim 10, wherein the modification of the commands of the divider and the variable-step synthesizer is simultaneous.

17. A method according to one of the above claims wherein the ratio of the reference frequency to the frequency step, $F_{ref}/\Delta F$, is the LCM of the sequence $N1...N_p$.